# \*IMPACT NETWORK

Additional Day School Year – Learnings from Texas Testimony to Maryland Legislature February 22, 2023





### **Texas Impact Network**

**The Opportunity:** In 2019, the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature passed House Bill 3, which transformed public school finance in Texas. This bill not only added \$3.25 billion annually to fund public schools, but also created equitable, innovative funding opportunities that target our state's highest-need students. These three areas are (1) Teacher Incentive Allotment (TIA), (2) CCMR Outcomes Bonus Funding, and (3) Additional Days School Year (ADSY).

These policies can pay dividends in both student achievement and increased funding but doing so requires a great deal of capacity, high levels of engagement, and a sustained effort. Texas Impact Network exists to provide implementation support in alignment with the legislative heart of this transformative bill.

Teacher Incentive Allotment (TIA) CCMR
Outcomes
Bonus Funding

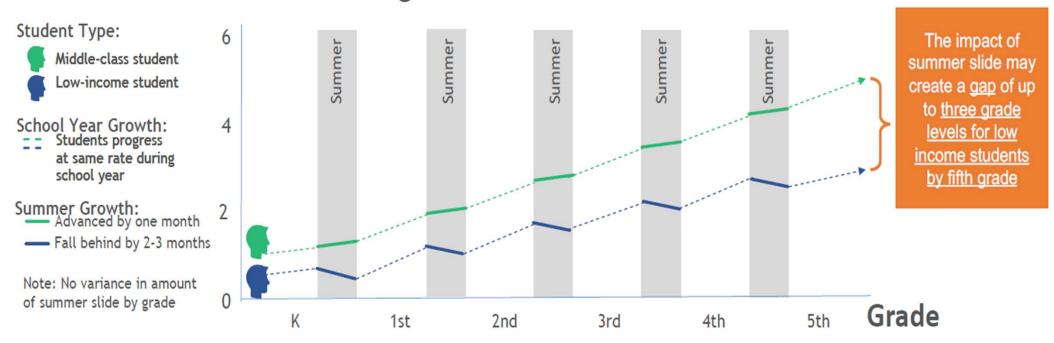
Additional Days School Year (ADSY)

Strategic Financial Investment



## The Need: Additional Day School Year (ADSY) Student Academic Proficiency in Texas Declines During Summer Months

### Years of learning

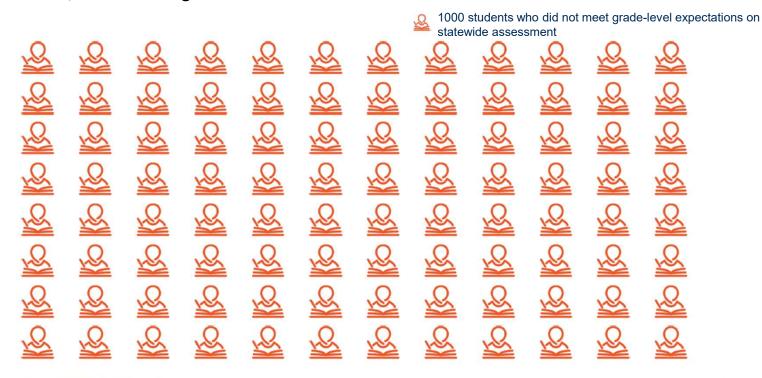


Source: TEA Materials; graph completed by Boston Consulting Group; Cooper, H., Borman, G., and Fairchild, R. (2010). "School Calendars and Academic Achievement" In. J. Meece and J.Eccles (Eds.), Handbook of research on schools, schooling and human development (pp. 342-355). Mahwah, NJ: Eribau



## The Need: Additional Day School Year (ADSY) Once Students Fall Behind...

In 2017, more than 80,000 Texas 3<sup>rd</sup> graders were behind in Math.



Source: TEA 2022 STAAR Results Summary



## The Need: Additional Day School Year (ADSY) ...it's very hard for them to catch up.

Two years later, only 7% of them caught up.





### Texas's Additional Day School Year (ADSY) Program

Three different models of ADSY program options allow school systems campuses to select the best fit for their needs.



#### **Option 1: Voluntary Summer Learning**

- Purpose: Summer Enrichment
- Think: 180-day traditional calendar, and up to 30 days for something additional



#### **Option 2: Intersessional Calendar**

- Purpose: Targeted Remediation
- Think: 180 days spaced out over the full year, with intermittent breaks for targeted remediation with a subset of students



Source: TEA Materials

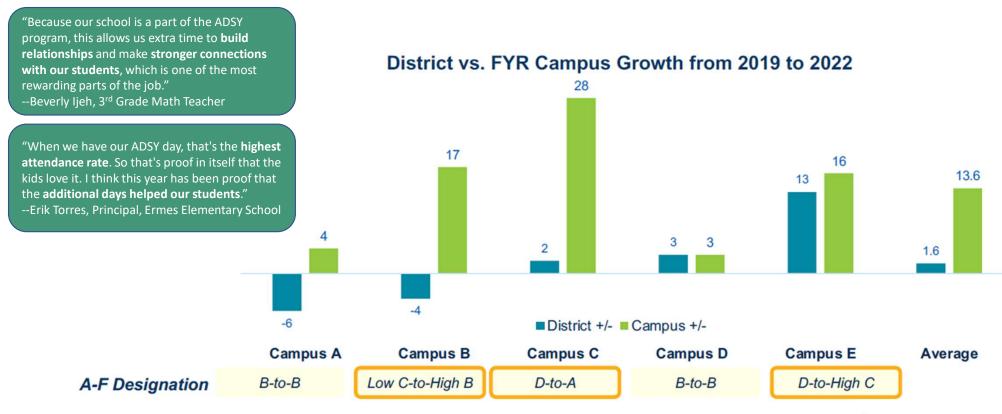
#### **Option 3: Full Year Redesign**

- Purpose: Rethinking the School Day
- Think: A revamped 7x6-weeks calendar, daily schedule changes to increase teacher planning time and student play



### Deep Dive: ADSY Full Year Redesign Results

From 2019 to 2022, campuses that implemented a 'Full Year Redesign' Model with support through the ADSY Planning and Execution program outperformed their district's growth in accountability by an average of 11 points.



Source: Adapted from TEA Materials



### **Closing Thoughts from Texas**

- There is a growing appetite for Additional Day School Year (ADSY) programs across Texas.
- Schools and school systems are showing preliminary **strong results for ADSY** program implementation and more time is needed to truly assess the results over time.
- Implementing an ADSY program is a big lift for school systems, if done right. There is need for **multi-year support** and funding.
- The average number of days in the school year across Texas has been falling in recent years, with school systems averaging 172 calendar days last year. Many school systems across Texas are proposing deeper cuts to the number of school days, including moving to four-day weeks. ADSY requires bold school leadership to put students' learning and best interest first.
- Research from RAND has shown that the impact of summer learning loss can be eliminated if academic instruction is offered for three to four hours a day for five to six weeks. Additionally, when comparing students in the US to those of top performing countries on the PISA exam, we see that many of those countries have shorter summer breaks, and all have more instructional days per year (as many as 47 additional days in countries like South Korea). This suggests that holding more instructional days leads to academic achievement, however there has not previously been additional funding for lengthening the instructional year in Texas until the passage of HB 3.

## **Questions?**

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## **Appendix**



## Texas' Additional Day School Year (ADSY) Program

HB 3 added **half-day formula funding** for school systems that want to add instructional days (beyond a minimum 180 days, **up to 210 days**) to any of their elementary schools (grades **PK-5**).



One requirement in Texas is that students must receive instruction from a certified teacher for at least two hours on the additional days for it to qualify for the ADSY Program. This falls in line with the research on closing student learning gaps.

## Additional Days School Year (ADSY) by the Numbers Statewide Implementation

School Year	Districts	Total Enroll	Campuses	# ADSY Students	Avg. St / Campus	Total Funding Drawdown
2020-21	59	442,013	326	~20,000	62	\$12.3MM
2021-22	77	803,556	363	63,162	174	\$16.9MM
2022-23*	104	904,469	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Current Year - Data is what we have currently available

"Because our school is a part of the ADSY program, this allows us extra time to build relationships and make stronger connections with our students, which is one of the most rewarding parts of the job."

--Beverly Ijeh 3<sup>rd</sup> Grade Math Teacher, Crowley ISD "When we have our ADSY day, that's the highest attendance rate. So that's proof in itself that the kids love it. I think this year has been proof that the additional days helped our students."

--Erik Torres
Principal, Ermes Elementary School, Aldine ISD

